

# VirtualBox Networks

TLDR - If you are working in a VirtualBox VM, you should check that your VM's network settings are using the `bridged` option before trying to perform any pentesting or reconnaissance on your local network. To do this, right click the VM in VirtualBox and navigate to `Settings->Network->Attached-to->Bridged` [Here's a link to a solution on ServerFault](#) that might help explain the issues that could arise within VirtualBox VMs using nmap.

To get some more insight on how VirtualBox interfaces with our network on a Windows host, we can open a command prompt and check the output of `ipconfig`. Below, pay attention to the `VirtualBox Host-only Network` -

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.1237]
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C:\Users\shaun>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : neo.rr.com
    IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2603:6010:2d27:f400::1
    IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2603:6010:2d27:f400:d875:971d:f6f4:b86e
    Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2603:6010:2d27:f400:1c21:9254:c8b7:8cda
    Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2603:6010:2d27:f400:1cec:7aa9:6b61:4454
    Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2603:6010:2d27:f400:2df1:15f0:2959:de49
    Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2603:6010:2d27:f400:4449:e5e4:7734:9ea3
    Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2603:6010:2d27:f400:6d5e:b8dd:83b2:4cc4
    Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2603:6010:2d27:f400:e80b:b075:4eee:8b31
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::d875:971d:f6f4:b86e%7
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.0.5
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : fe80::42b8:9aff:fed7:ecae%7
                               192.168.0.1
```

Ethernet adapter VirtualBox Host-Only Network:

Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :  
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::744c:1fd4:4f28:f3ec%2  
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.56.1  
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0  
Default Gateway . . . . . :

Ethernet adapter VMware Network Adapter VMnet1:

Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :  
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::491:f5bb:bbe4:826%11  
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.70.1  
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0  
Default Gateway . . . . . :

Ethernet adapter VMware Network Adapter VMnet8:

Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :  
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::14ab:b26a:7ff5:4e20%16  
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.227.1  
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0  
Default Gateway . . . . . :

Ethernet adapter Bluetooth Network Connection:

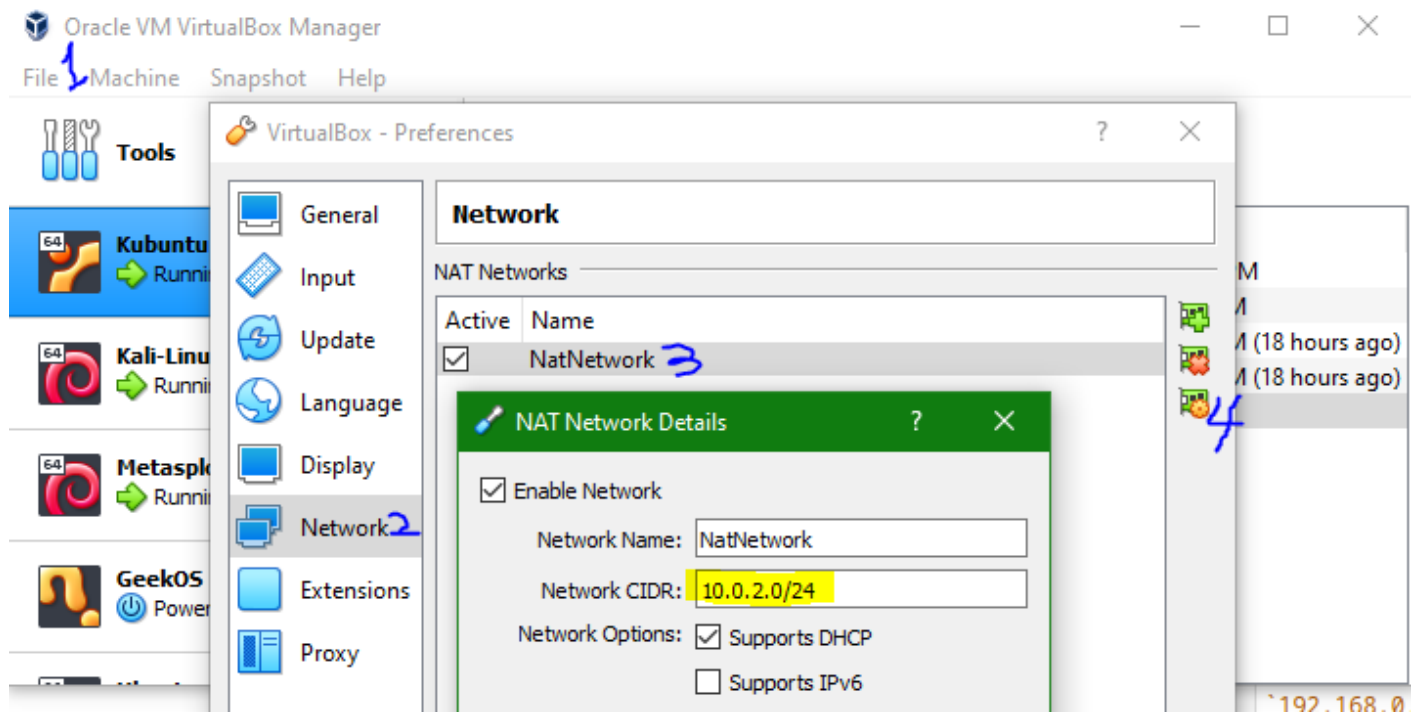
Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected  
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :

Notice the `Ethernet adapter VirtualBox Host-Only Network` in the output above. When you select `host only` within your virtual machine's network settings, this is the subnet that VirtualBox will use to provision local addresses to virtual machines that should only be accessible from the host OS. These IPs would not be available to another machine.

If you select `bridged` connection from within your VM network settings, VirtualBox will use the `192.168.0.0/24` subnet to assign new hosts local IP addresses. In the output above, we can see that our host OS (Windows in this case) is within this subnet at the IP address `192.168.0.5`. This means that the new VM will exist on the same subnet as our host, which makes this VM accessible from other machines that are using the same local network.

If you select a `NAT` connection from within your VM network settings, VirtualBox will use the subnet defined in `VirtualBox VM Manager->File->Preferences->Network->NatNetwork->Edit`. The settings window

will look something like the image below -



Hopefully this information helps you to decide which network setting is appropriate for your VM in your case. For me, the `bridged` option was the way to go.

Revision #1

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